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Sensor Guide WS100 Radar Precipitation Sensor



Sensor Guide: WS100 Precipitation Sensor

Overview of precipit	aiton measurement principles
Fields of application	
Further information	
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1. Overview Precipitation Sensor WS100

WS100 in a nutshell:

- □ 24GHz Doppler Radar precipitation sensor
- Measures precipitation intensity and precipitation type (Rain, snow, sleet, freezing rain, hail)

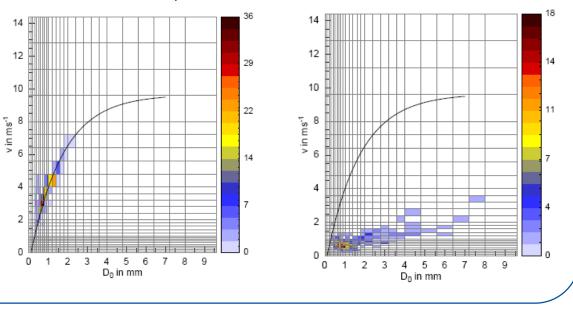


Overview - WS100-UMB Measuring Principle



24 GHz Microwave Doppler Radar works with the radar reflection method and measures the precipitation quantity or precipitation intensity by means of the correlation of drop size and velocity.

Drop Size distribution matrix to calculate intensity of precipitation and to determine type of precipitation according fundamental meteorological relationships (*Gunn-Kinzer and Hobbs and Locatelli*).



Freedom of maintenance...

...thanks to the smart measurement principle, no moving parts and no open housing design!





In comparison to tipping buckets, weighing gauges and optical measurement principles the WS100 is the only sensor, that can offer maintenance-free operation!

When the first drop counts...



...is the WS100 radar reflection method the right choice. The first drop can be detected and reported!

The Radar measurement principle offers extremely fast response time. Precipitation intensity can be detected up to 200 mm/h and drop of up to 5.0 mm can be recognized.



Differentiation of precipitation types...

... like rain, snow sleet, freezing rain and hail is available with the WS100. This feature makes the sensor to a Present Weather Detector!





With the drop size distribution matrix and the detection of the speed of the precipitation event, the sensor can recognize the precipitation type!

Low power mode...



...can be adjusted! With the low power mode, the sensor has a power consumption of only 0,4 VA (~40mA, 12V), which makes solar-powered operation possible.

The switchable heater offers maintenance-free operation in summer and winter time. With the heater on, the sensor has a power consumption of 9 VA.



1. WS100 - Technical Data

Electrical parameters					
Power supply	1028 VDC				
Power consumption without heating	1 VA / 0.4 VA (low power mode)				
Heating power	9 VA				
Operating parameters					
Operat. temp. range	-4060 °C				
Operat. humidity range	0100 %				
Protection class	IP66				
Survival wind speed	75 m/s				
Data transfer					
Interfaces/ protocols	RS-485 semi-duplex two-wire, SDI-12, pulse interface / UMB protocol, Modbus				
(Pluggable) cable length	10 m				
Transmission frequency	24 GHz				

Precipitation				
Measurement surface	9 cm²			
Precipitation types	Rain, snow, sleet, freezing rain, hail; No precipitation (SYNOP 4677)			
Principle	Doppler radar			
Accuracy	+-10%			
Resolution liquid preciptiation	0.01 / 0 .1 / 0.2 / 0.5 / 1.0 mm (pulse interface)			
Measurement ranges				
Droplet size	0.35.0 mm			
DSD	11 drop size classes with bandwidth of 0.5 mm			
Precipitation				
intensity	0.01200 mm/h / 07.874 inch/h			
	0.01200 mm/h / 07.874 inch/h 0.915.5 m/s			

2. Overview of Precipitation Measurement Principles



2. Overview of Precipitation Measurement Principles LAMEREO

Tipping Bucket

Weighing Gauge

Radar

Hybrid

Disdrometer

What are the differences? When to use which device?



2. Differences of Measurement Principles

Comparison of the different product types by...

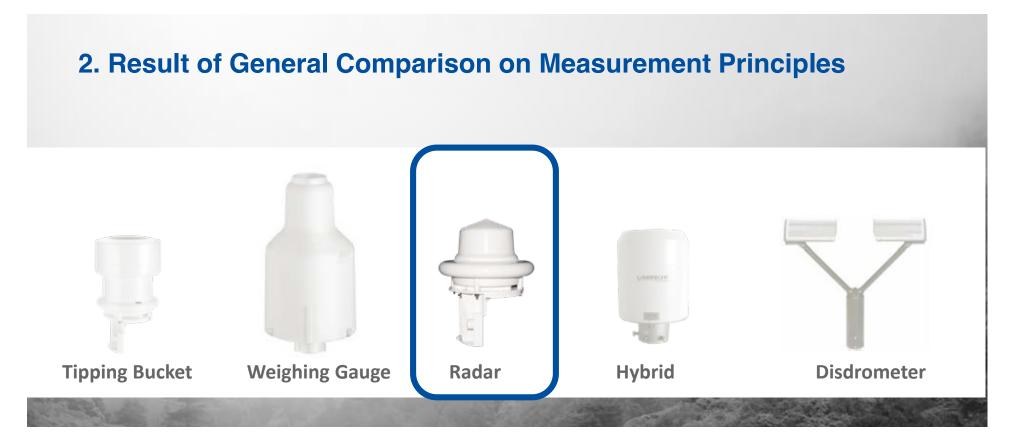
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	Accuracy	Maintenance	Wind influence	Response Time / Speed	Total Cost of ownership
Tipping Bucket	ŤŤ	Ť	ŤŤ	ŤŤ	Ť
Weighing Gauge	ŤŤ	Ť	ŤŤ	ĴĴĴ	ĴĴ
Hybrid	ĴĴĴ	ŤŤ	ĴĴ	ĴĴĴ	Ĵ
Radar	Ť	ĴĴĴ	ĴĴ	ĴĴĴĴ	JJJJ
Disdrometer	ĴĴĴ	ŤŤ	ŤŤ	ĴĴĴ	Ť
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2. Differences of Measurement Principles

Application fields...



Tipping Bucket	Reference networks in Hydrology, Meteorology
Weighing Gauge	Reference networks in Hydrology, Meteorology
Hybrid	Reference networks in Hydrology, Meteorology
Radar	Traffic weather, Hydrology (Storm/flood warning especially in urban areas), Meteorology, Building Automation, Agricultural Meteorology,
Disdrometer	Reference networks in Hydrology, Meteorology



Freedom from maintenance, a very fast response time and excellent total cost of ownership can only offer the radar precipitation sensor compared to other measuring principles.

Trade-offs have to be accepted with regard to accuracy, which can be explained by the measuring principle!



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